WEALTH & WELFARE

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(WELFARE WEEKLY)

(DEVOTED TO ECONOMIC, SOCIAL & WELFARE PROBLEMS)

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CONTENTS

	PAGE
EDITORIAL:	
Farewell 1954	... 1
HEALTH:	
General Prescriptions	... 2
MISCELLANEOUS:	
Rearmed Sovereign West Germany Will Seek To Realise Hitler's Plans and not be U. S. A. Running Dog	... 5

It's easy enough to be pleasant
When life flows along like a song,
But the man worth while
Is the man who can smile,
When everything goes dead wrong.

To Our Subscribers—*Our subscribers are reminded to remit their subscriptions to the Hon. Managing Editor, Wealth & Welfare, Madras-Thyagarayanagar.*—Editor, W. & W.

EDITORIAL

Farewell 1954

The year 1954 ends with this issue for Wealth & Welfare.

It was a strenuous year for us.

It levied a toll on this journal by taking away its Founder Chief Editor, on 18th June 1954.

But have we really lost her? No.

In the words of His Holiness Swami Shivanandajee she has left an ideal to be followed and carried out by us.

During her trials and tribulations which she had to face and undergo during the year, we have had many persons of obliging nature.

They helped us by way of money, or by their comforting speech, or writing or physical help.

We have had many helpers who do not even like the idea of their names being mentioned.

Several readers of our Journal mention to us casually when we met them that in this world we find selfishness prevailing not only in animals but to a very great extent in human beings also. A man is a rational being, but he utilises his intelligence for his selfish aims.

He rarely tries to find out whether only it is he who suffers or others also are suffering.

But there are persons who bow to everyone he comes across, accepting every one as manifestations of God.

We also find many great men, learned and intelligent, but expecting honour from all they meet, and they are not as humble as they should be.

In this world we come across many persons but hardly do we find men who do not speak ill of others or who do not criticise their neighbours, relatives, friends, leaders and masters, thereby nourishing the ego in them, because it is very difficult to cultivate, but, all the more, it is very essential.

We do not look to the best qualities in a person, but try to expose a vice of friends and admirers even.

We find in our midst persons who not only preach, but do what they say, and their minds are firm in speech and action.

This too is very difficult in practice.

We must remember the maxim, "Practise before you preach." But, how many of us can act or act according to our speech? It depends upon how we sow the seeds of Samskara (impression) in the minds of our children.

Barriers are created in the society. Why?

Because we have no equal vision—Samadrishti.

In our eyes all must be equal. We find in the world that rich is respected or the man in power is respected and some times learning is respected, and so distinction creeps in and equal vision disappears.

Samadrishti can be developed only by developing the supreme essence in realising that there is no distinction between the rich and the poor, the old and the young, etc.

We create misery and happiness only from our own desires. Most of the human beings have worldly desires

while some aspire for heaven and some for salvation, but to have no desire at all is very difficult.

Men of righteous character are quite chaste in their speech, thought and action. But when it comes to practice how many of us can stick on to such an ideal?

We must all stick to truth. This can be developed only if we can make a note of the lies in a diary consciously or unconsciously uttered during the day and our diary will bear evidence to the fact that hardly do we reach the ideal of observing the truth.

If we all review our work during the year 1954 which is practically over now, we shall realise that in the midst of various relationship we were not able to stick to truth and nothing else but truth.

But there are some who have moulded their life in such a way that they need not have told a lie. Such people must have been a true yogin.

How many of us can boldly say that we have been non-covetous and non-exploiting during the year 1954?

We have all natural inclination of amassing wealth and property leading to exploitation. Look at the Government and the Tax Payer, the capitalist and the labour, the rich and the poor etc.

The educated exploits the uneducated, with the help of his intelligence for petty gain.

But did we ever realise at that time that we did something wrong?

It is our desire that created infatuation and illusory bondage for us which surround us and entrap us being easily deceived that we have become a prey in no time. Because of the infatuation and illusory bondage we could not go on the path of dispassion.

Dispassion can be developed only if we overcome the negative quality of our lower nature.

Just as we hanker after fulfilling our worldly desires if we hanker after heaven or salvation for which we roam about from one place to the other on pilgrimage, we could have succeeded in our attempt from sitting in the same place by our concentrating our attention by devoting our attention to Nama Sankirtan with pure mind and pure heart.

We find day in and day out everywhere in our midst that most of our persons are greedy of achieving this thing or that thing but are never satisfied with what they have. They always aspire for more except in knowledge and because of this they have to deceive persons whom they come across. By honest means it is impossible for one to have the greed fulfilled. Deception leads to many vices and so one should be away from greed in order to free oneself from deception.

Have we done away with desires and anger:

If one is devoid of desires then one can master anger. For us human beings to cut off desire is difficult. Then how are we to destroy anger! We have to keep our mind calm so that we may not allow anger to upset us.

Only Great Souls can achieve this.

Should we not try and come across such a devotee that will fulfill all qualities mentioned above—let him be of any caste or religion!

By simply having a darshan of such a great person, we get purified to a very great extent.

By taking stock of our achievements and omissions and commissions during the year that passes away, we shall be able to record our defects and be in a position to rectify such defects during the succeeding year so that we may be better persons contributing towards the better nation and the better world.

Our prayer is there that we all may be forgiven for all our faults and failings during the past and be blessed to march on righteous path during the coming year.

May The Great Ones help us on this righteous path!

HEALTH

GENERAL PRESCRIPTIONS

—Drugwise—

1. ALUM WHEY

Re: Purified Alum Powder	3	drachms or teaspoonfuls
Milk	20	ozs. or 1 pint

Put the powder in the milk and boil for 10 minutes. Strain.

Dose: 2 ounces, three times daily.

This checks excessive menstrual discharges (Menorrhagia), bleeding from piles, bleeding from lungs, stomach, kidneys and other internal organs.

Put the alum in the iron pan. Heat it till it swells up. Then powder it. Alum is purified now.

2. AM KA-PANNA (Raw Mango Juice)

Re: Raw Mangoes	4
Jeera (Cummin) Powder	30 Grains

Put the mangoes in the fire for a few minutes just as you put Brinjal for making chutnie. Take them out. Remove the skin and extract the juice. Add the cummin powder now and also a little salt.

Take 2 oz. of the juice thrice daily.

Useful in sun-stroke, lu or hot winds, as a preventive and curative.

3. AMLAKA AND HONEY

Re: Amlaka, dried and powdered	15 grains
Honey	2 teaspoonfuls

Dose: Twice daily.

This is cooling, digestive, astringent and tonic. It removes biliousness and jaundice. It is useful in diabetes. In combination with Triphala, it keeps the three doshas or humours in the body in equilibrium.

Useful in vomiting, biliousnes, burning sensation in the eyes, spermatorrhoea; Mootrasansodak (purifier of urine).

4. BURNT ALUM

This is very useful in ague or malaria. This is a well-tried medicine. Burn alum in an iron pan. Mix it with four parts of sugar. Take one teaspoonful of the powder three times in a day. Only three doses will be sufficient to eradicate malaria. You can repeat the medicine if the fever persists. It does not matter whether there is fever or not when the medicine is administered.

5. CARDAMOM AND HONEY

Re: Cardamom	15 grains
Honey	2 teaspoonfuls

Mix. Dose: Twice daily.

It is a carminative and aromatic. It is useful in flatulence or wind in ths bowels, and anorexia or loss of appetite. It is an appetizer. It checks vomiting sensation.

It is cooling. It is a mild expectorant and mild diurectic.

6. CURRY POWDER & RICE

Re: Curry leaf (Kariveppilai)	*All three to be fried lightly*
Black Pepper	
White Jeera	
Salt	
Ghee	

Powder the salt, the fried leaf, pepper and Jeera.
Take this powder with cooked rice. Add ghee.
Useful in diarrhoea, dysentery, indigsstion, flatulence, etc.

7. MILK WITH TURMERIC

Re: Turmeric Powder	48 grs.
Cow's milk	16 ozs.

Boil for two minutes. Then strain.
Add three three teaspoonfuls of sugar candy.
It is very beneficial in cough and sore throat.

8. MULATI (LIQUORICE)

Take a masha of powdered Mulati and mix it with two mashas of sugar. Take this in the morning and evening with water. This is very useful in leucorrhoea (whites), and excessive menstruation.

9. OMUM POWDER & RICE

Re: Ajwan (Omum) *to be fried in ghee lightly*
Salt
Cooked rice and Ghee.
Useful in diarrhoea, indigestion, flatulence, etc.

GENERAL PRESCRIPTIONS

—Diseasewise—

1. FOR ARRESTING SECRETION OF MILK

Re: Betel Leaf
Warm the betel leaf over the fire.
Place it in layers over the breast. This is very effective in arresting the secretion of milk.

That which arrests the secretion of milk is called an antigalactagogue.

2. FOR APHTHAE OR THRUSH

(Sores in mouth)

Re: Borax (Sohaga)	1 drachm
Honey	1 ounce

Mix well.
Apply to the sores in the mouth with clean cotton or finger.
Aphthae is also known by the name stomatitis.

3. FOR ASTHMA

Re: Camphor (Kapur)	3 grains
Asofoeteda (Hing)	3 „

Make one pill.
Dose: 1 pill every four hours.

4. FOR BLOOD PRESSURE.

Re: Garlic Juice	½ oz.
Honey	½ oz.

Mix; one dose.
To be taken twice daily. Drink one tumblerful of milk afterwards.

5. FOR BRONCHITIS

Re: Liquorice	30 grains
Black Pepper	5 „
Sugar	1 teaspoonful
Infusion Arusha (Adhatoda)	1 ounce

Mix and strain
Dose: One ounce three times daily.

6. FOR BRONCHITIS AND INFLUENZA

Re: Fresh ginger juice	2 to 4 teaspoonfuls
Tulasi Juice	1 teaspoonful
Adathodai juice (Vasaka)	1 teaspoonful
Black Pepper	10 grs.
Long Pepper (Tippili)	10 grs.
Honey	2 teaspoonful

One dose. May be given twice daily.

Useful in excessive phlegm, pneumonia, constipation, influenza and bronchitis.

Pound the fresh ginger after removing the skin. Filter the juice through a pure, thin cloth. Allow the juice to stay in a pan for some time. Draw the supernatent fluid and throw away the white deposit

Take one tumblerful of cow's milk afterwards.

7. FOR CHOLERA

Re: Onions.
Crush the onions and take out their juice.
Give a teaspoonful every five minutes.
Let the patient sip it drop by drop.

8. FOR CHILDREN'S FLATULENCE

Re. Dill water	10 oz.
Anise water	10 oz.
Lime water	10 oz.
Syrup Aurantii	10 oz.

Dose. 1 to 2 teaspoonfuls

9. FOR COLD

Re: Ginger Juice	1 oz.
Honey	½ oz.

Take it with four ounces of hot water. This is for adults. Eat hot, fried Chana or Bengal gram. This is also useful.

10. FOR CONJUCTIVITIS

Re: Turmeric Powder	90 Grains
In hot water	6 oz.

Strain through a clean cloth.
Dip a clean cloth for some time in it and apply it to the eyes.
It is useful in pain in the eyes, etc.

11. COUGH MIXTURE

Re: Juice of Ginger	½ oz.
Juice of Betel Leaves	½ oz.
Honey	½ oz.

Mix well.
Dose: Half an ounce twice daily.
Useful in cough, bronchitis, etc.,

12. FOR COUGH AND ASTHMA

Re: Vasa (Vasaka) fresh juice (swarasam)	4 teaspoonfuls
Honey	2 teaspoonfuls

Mix. To be taken twice daily on an empty stomach.
Useful in Cough, Asthma and Consumption.

Vasaka is an expectorant (brings out phlegm or sputum). It is antispasmodic, relieves spasm in asthma. It is an alterative, blood purifier and tonic.

13. FOR CONSTIPATION

(*Punarnava Vegetable*)

Re: White Punarnava leaf ½ lb.

Preparing Sag (vegetable). Useful in contipation and rheumatism.

Pure turmeric, Jeera and a little salt and Ghee may be added. *Do not add spices.*

14. FOR DIABETES—I

Re: Green Amalaka Swarasa	1 oz.
Honey	2 teaspoonfuls

To be taken twice daily, on an empty stomach. Highly beneficial in diabetes.

15. FOR DIABETES—II

Re: Bitter Gourd Vegetable (Pavakkai)
Boil and add a little salt, turmeric, jeera and Ghee. *Do not use chillies and spices.*

16. FOR DIABETES—III

Re: Kulfa Vegetable
Wash and soak in water for two hours. Then cut and boil and add a little salt, turmeric, jeera and ghee. *Do not use chillies and spices.*

17. FOR DYSENTERY—I

Re: Butter Milk	1 tumbler
Sugar Candy	2 teaspoonfuls

Useful in bloody motion and motion with mucus.

18. FOR DYSENTERY—II

Re: Bhendi (Lady's Finger)

Make a soup or curry and give.

The bland viscid mucilage acts as a demulcent and protective of the mucous membrane like the gum.

19. FOR DYSENTERY—III

Re: Rind of pomegranate	1 ounce
Rind of mangostin fruit	1 ounce
Kurchi bark	1 ounce
Water	1 pint

Boil for half an hour in slow fire.

Dose: 2 teaspoonfuls thrice daily.

20. FOR DYSENTERY WITH BLOOD

Re: Powder of rind of pomegranates	1 teaspoonful
Raw rice water	2 ounces

One dose. To be taken thrice daily.

21. FOR ACUTE DYSENTRY

Re: Isaphgul (finely powdered)	1 ounce
Anise („ „)	1 ounce
Bael („ „)	1 ounce

Dose: One teaspoonful twice daily.

22. DYSENTRY POWDER—I

Re: Bael fruit powder	1 drachm
Fennel fruit powder (Bari [big] Sonf)	½ drachm

Dose: One powder twice daily.

23. DYSENTRY POWDER—II

Re: Bael (powder)	1 teaspoonful
Liquorice (Mulatti)	10 grs.
Cinnamon (dalchini)	5 grs.

Make one powder.

Dose: One powder twice daily.

24. DYSENTRY POWDER—III

Re: Isaphgul (powdered)	15 grs.
Kurchi seeds (powdered)	5 grs.

Dose: One powder thrice daily.

25. FOR ENLARGEMENT OF SPLEEN AND LIVER

Re: Old Ghood (Black Sugar)	24 grs.
Harad ka choorna (Harithaki)	24 grs.

Make one pill.

One pill to be taken twice daily with hot water.

To be continued for a month.

26. HEART STIMULANT

Re: Musk	2 grs.
Betel leaf juice	1 teaspoonful
Honey	1 teaspoonful

It is useful in pneumonia, high fevers, cholera, cold, influenza and to women after confinement.

It is an aphrodisiac (Veerya Vardhak), anti-spasmodic, digestive and brain tonic. It improves eye-sight. It is taken along with betel leaf (Tambula, Pan) as a tonic and aphrodisiac (that which increases the sexual vigour is an aphrodisiac).

For children use ¼ grain of musk. It can be taken with breast milk or milk also.

27. FOR HICCOUGH—I

Re: White Jeera powder (fried)	24 grs.
Cardamom powder	4 grs.
Honey	1 teaspoonful

Mix

To be taken thrice daily.

28. FOR HICCOUGH—II

Re: Cummin Seeds (fried)	15 grs.
Honey	1 teaspoonful

Mix. Four times daily.

Instead of honey you can use jaggery also.

29. FOR IMPOTENCY

Re: Musk powder	2 grs.
Nutmeg powder	2 grs.
Kesar powder	2 grs.

Take the powder with pan (betel) at night.

30. FOR INDIGESTION

Re: Dried Ginger powder	2 oz.
Sugar Candy	1 oz.

Take one teaspoonful with fresh water, either hot or cold, twice daily before food.

31. FOR INHALATION

Re: Lady's finger (Bhendi)	10
Water	20 ounces.

Cut the vegetable transversely into pieces. Put the pieces into water and boil for twenty minutes. Strain and put the decoction in a narrow mouthed jug and inhale the vapour.

Useful in hoarseness of the throat, irritable state of the throat, cough and bronchitis.

32. FOR LEUCORRHOEA

Re: Kernal of Kamal Guttaa	4 grains
Nag Kesar	4 „
Seetal Cheeni (Cubeb pepper) or Kakkolam (Kaba Cheeni)	4 „
White Sandal	8 „
Khas	4 „
Rose flowers	8 „

Powder the above and take it with rice-washed water (Tandul rice, Chaval dhowan). Take twice daily.

This is very cooling, is a blood purifier and mootra sanso-dhak (purifies urine). Stops the discharge. It is useful in gonorrhoea, dysuria or difficulty in passing urine, and burning in the urine.

33. FOR MALARIA—I

Chutney prepared from 'Nayeekadugu' (Tamil) or 'Kukkavaavanti' (Telugu) leaves taken for a few days cures Malaria and even Spleen enlargement. The leaves may also be crushed and applied to the pulse when the fever is on. A patient who took this chutney for one month was completely cured of spleen enlargement and Malaria and was never troubled by this disease after that time.

34. FOR MALARIA—II

'Katukarohini' powder pulverised finely and mixed with an equal quantity of jaggery and made into pills the size of a Bengal gram. Keep this in a well corked bottle. This is to be administered to a Malaria patient. Dose is 3 pills in the morning and 3 in the evening. This medicine will cure Malaria and it will not have the bad effects of Quinnine.

35. FOR OBESITY

Re: Honey	4 teaspoonful
Water	1 glassful

To be taken twice daily.

Honey reduces fat, and makes a thin man fatty also.

36. FOR RHEUMATISM—I

Take 1 tola of the root of the Castor plant. Crush and boil it in ½ seer (half a seer) of water. Boil it till you bring down the decoction to ⅛ part. Add to this 2 teaspoons of honey. Drink this. This medicine may be repeated morning and evening daily until the rheumatism disappears. If the rheumatism is of the type where the joints swell a poultice made either of the leaves of the castor plant or of its seeds will cure the swelling when applied to the joints.

37. FOR RHEUMATISM—II

Re: Methi seeds fried and powdered (Vendayam)	16 grs.
Honey	2 teaspoonful

To be taken thrice daily.

One powder to be taken at night with one tumbler of milk.

38. FOR ROUND WORMS

Re:	Kernel of Butea seeds	20 grs.
	Sugar	30 grs.

Mix. One dose.

Three times daily for three days, to be followed by a dose of castor oil, after three days.

It is useful in tape worm.

Butea seeds are Palasaki beej (Hindi). Seeds of Butea frondosa. This seed is available in the bazaar. Soak the seed in water, remove the Testa and powder the kernel.

39. FOR SCROFULA

Re:	Kachnar Bark powder	48 grs.
	Pure Guggulu	24 grs.
	Old Ghood	48 grs.

Mix, and make pills of 24 grs. each.
Take one pill, twice daily, with cow's milk.
Useful in Scrofula or Apchee.

40. FOR SLEEPLESSNESS

Re:	Mustard Oil	4 doses

Apply it to the ears.
Plug the ears with cotton wool.

41. FOR SORE THROAT

Re:	Powder of Amla	24 grs. (¼ tola)
	Liquorice powder	24 grs. (¼ „)
	Sugar Candy	48 grs. (½ „)

Add one tumblerful of fresh milk of the cow, and drink.
Take twice daily.
½ a tola is one teaspoonful.

42. FOR SPERMATORRHOEA—I

Re:	Giloy's Juice	¼ tola or ½ oz.
	Honey	½ tola (1 teaspoonful)

Mix well. Lick it every day. Twice daily.

Giloy, Guduchi, Amrita are synonymous terms.

43. FOR SPERMATORRHOEA—II

Re:	Small Cardamoms powder	48 grs.
	Gokru powder	48 grs.
	Sugar Candy powder	48 grs.

Mix.

Dose: Grs. 48, twice daily with cow's milk.

Useful in spermatorrhoea, burning sensation in urine, difficulty in passing urine, wet-dreams.

44. FOR SPERMATORRHOEA—III

Re:	Gum of Babool	24 grs.
	Sugar-candy	24 grs.

Mix.

Take one powder with cold water at night.

This is very useful in spermatorrhoea; gives Dhatupushti, Veerya Vardhak.

45. FOR SUNSTROKE

Re:	Onions	2
	Cummin seeds powder (Jeera)	1 teaspoonful
	Sugar	1 „

Cut the onions into small pieces and add Jeera and sugar. Give this to the patient once or twice daily. He who goes about in excessive heat in summer will be protected from sunstroke and (hot winds) if he keeps an onion in his hand or in the pocket.

46. FOR THREAD WORMS—I

(*Ascaris Lumbricoides*)

Re:	Salt	1 teaspoonful or drachm
	Warm Water	10 ounces

Dissolve the salt in the hot water and strain. Inject into the rectum slowly with a fine glass syringe. Lubricate the nozzle with vaseline or any clean oil, olive, sesamum, etc.

47. FOR THREAD WORMS—II

Re:	Tepid Water	1 pint
	Add Soap, and	
	Lemon Juice	2 teaspoons

Take an enema of the above solution.

(*To be continued*)

MISCELLANEOUS

REARMED SOVEREIGN WEST GERMANY WILL SEEK TO REALISE HITLER'S PLANS AND NOT BE U. S. A. RUNNING DOG

(*By Sri R. S. Sankariar, B.A., B.L., Retd. Judge*)

Dulles, Churchill and fellow imperialists—Economic and political—have betrayed their one track mind. They fondly believe that the sense of gratitude over being admitted as a Sovereign independent nation, in the comity of western Democracies, will make, the resurrected Nazis, agree to obey the dictates of Anglo-American policy makers. From 1917 onwards the Anglo-Americans have a fixed obsession that Russian Communists must be extirpated, and the Capitalist West made secure from the intrusion of even the Socialist ideology of the Russian Communists.

They probably count on what Hitler said in his conversation with the British Ambassador Henderson on 3rd March 1938 at Berlin "Soviet Russia should not have been allowed into Europe." "He the Fuhrer, when he made his proposals had in mind a Union of Europe without Russia." In his talk with Halifax on 19th November 1937 Hitler said "The only catastrophe was Bolshevism." They naturally count on the human instinct of Revenge. The rearmed Germans, are expected to welcome with eagerness the power and the opportunity to avenge their catastrophic defeat by the Russian Bolsheviks. So, the Americans are already sending not merely modern weapons, but also atomic weapons of mass destruction. They plan to enable the West Germans to make such, and similar weapons of mass destruction themselves. One may grant that the Nazis of West Germany will—when they feel confident of success, without risk of retaliatory annihilation—pursue the path of Revenge. But what will be their time table? Will they take from Hitler's Gospel only the one idea of destroying Bolshevism? Are there other—and no less important—items in his creed? Is the sovereign West Germany to wait for prosperity till the U. S. S. R. is destroyed and the intervening Socialist democracies are absorbed by West Germany? Had the Fuhrer, only such a plan? Had he less hazardous and more promising plans? Will the resurrected Nazis not seek to revive the entire creed of the Fuhrer?

It is worthwhile canvassing Hitler's purpose in starting his war. The following extracts are from his statements during his long discussion with Halifax on 19th November '37. The extracts do not follow the sequence of that discussion entirely.

Halifax applied butter with, "The British Government were fully aware that the Fuhrer had not only achieved a great deal inside Germany herself, but that by destroying Communism in his country, he had barred its road to Western Europe, and that Germany therefore could rightly be regarded as a bulwark of the West against Bolshevism." (The same is the cue now too).

The Fuhrer: "The essence of the problem to be discussed was, what active political co-operation, could a country render, which in other respects was denied the most urgent living necessities. There were two possible ways of arranging relations between nations. The free play of forces which in many cases might mean active and drastic interferences in the affairs of nations and might cause serious disturbances to our culture; the other way was instead of the free play of forces to permit the rule of "higher reason". It must however be realised, that this higher reason must lead to roughly the same

consequences as would result from the "free play of forces". (He got his Munich by this threat. In a nutshell the thesis was "either you give, or, I take by force". "One must when assessing the sacrifices which the method of reason is certain to claim, her or there, try to visualise what sacrifices would result, from a reversion to the old method of the free play of forces. It will then be clear that the former way is the cheaper." (Chamberlain found it cheap to sacrifice Czechoslovakia).

Fuhrer: "It was a fact that some nations had not sufficient living space. If England with her 46 millions inhabitants had to live solely off the home country, it would perhaps be easier for her to understand this. The prejudiced attitude towards the Colonial question, entirely came from the fact that it was considered self-understood that America and Russia should possess great territories, that England should own one quarter of the world, that France should have a Colonial Empire, and that Japan should at least not be prevented from expanding. It was also considered self-understood that little countries like Belgium, Spain and Portugal should have colonies. Only Germany was told, that under no circumstances must she have Colonies. What was the sense of inviting a country to positive co-operation, when in other matters, it was denied the most primitive rights." Halifax hedged, "The British Government did not hold the view that the Colonial question should not be discussed with Germany under any circumstances. It was however clear that no British Government could discuss the Colonial question with Germany isolated from other questions. It could only be considered as part of a general settlement which would restore tranquility and security in Europe."

Fuhrer clinched: "Essentially England and Germany had only one difference, the Colonial question."

Halifax sought to sidetrack by a suggestion that Germany may join the League of Nations. Fuhrer restored the track. "As to the colonial question, it was not for Germany to express any wishes. There were two possibilities. First the free play of forces. What Colonies Germany would take in this case, could not be foretold. The second possibility was a reasonable Settlement—Reasonable Settlement must be based on Right, in other words Germany was entitled to her former possessions.

"When it was declared on all sides that international order must not be built on force but on right, he the Fuhrer fully agreed. He would even be glad if the date from which this new order was deemed to operate were referred back to before 1914. Germany under the new arrangement would be extremely well off. He repeated that Germany saw no need to express any wishes, with regard to Colonies. She stood solely on the basis of right. It was for England and France to make proposals. She wanted Colonies solely for economic reasons as a source of supply of agricultural produce and raw materials. She was not eager to have Colonies in areas where guns were liable to go off, and where there was a great danger of international complications. If England from strategical consideration did not think it possible to return some territories, she could suggest compensation in other areas. In any event Germany would not accept the Sahara as a Colony or territories in the Mediterranean, for she considered a position between two world empires a little too dangerous." England and France must make up their mind whether they were prepared to meet Germany's demands in general, and in what direction".

Halifax ended the talk with "No one—wanted another war. Such too was the tendency in England and other countries. Only one country, Soviet Russia stood to gain from a general conflict." (It is plain that Halifax then realised that a war by Germany to regain her lost Colonies from Britain and France, will leave Soviet Russia free and undamaged by the War).

At this stage it is necessary to get clear about the colonies Germany had lost and which alone she wants to be returned.

		Sq. Miles
1.	German, South West Africa Mandate held by the Union of South Africa ...	322,450
2.	German East Africa Mandate held by Great Britain	384,180
3.	Half of Togoland and Camerooms held by Britain	112,415
4.	Samoa held by New Zealand ...	1,050
5.	German New Guinea and Island South of the equator Mandate held by Australia.	90,000
6.	Half of Togoland and Camerooms held by France	112,415
	Total Sq. miles ...	1,022,510

Hitler started the war to recover these one million twenty-two thousand five hundred and ten square miles of legitimate Germany territory taken away as a result of the first war, which itself was—as Kaiser Wilhelm said—to secure for Germany her rightful place in the SUN. Is there a lunatic in the world who will affirm that the new West Germany armed so well as to crush Soviet Russia—as Dulles hopes—will not, in the words of the Fuhrer, demand of Britain and France "her former possessions based on right" by way of "reasonable settlement" or the alternative of "the free play of forces"?

II

Conversation between the Fuhrer and the British Ambassador Henderson at Berlin on 3 March 1938.

Fuhrer: As to Central Europe, 'If England continued to oppose the German effort to achieve a just and reasonble settlement here, then, the moment would come when it would be necessary to fight." England had no trouble to fear from Germany. Germany was not interfering in Empire affairs. But it had been her experience, that whenever she endeavoured to solve her difficulties England reacted negatively. When an attempt is made to find a solution in the East, the British "No" is to be heard, just as it is, when the Colonies are demanded".

Henderson pointed to a map and said that the "British Government envisaged a system with principles similar to those of the Berlin agreement of 1885 (presumably refers to the Congo Act). The Colonies in this region of Africa would be redistributed. Germany should be considered in this redistribution, and would therefore have a Colonial possession under her Sovereignty". Fuhrer: "Germany was above all interested in what was to happen to her former colonies. Instead of setting up a complicated new system why not settle the colonial question in *the simplest and most natural way namely by restoring to Germany her former Colonies*? True he the Fuhrer was bound to admit openly that he did not think that the Colonial question was ripe for settlement, since Paris and London were too firmly committed, not to restore, the Colonies. He therefore did not want to press the matter. One could calmly wait, four, six, eight or ten years. Perhaps by then, a change of mind will have taken place in Paris and London, and it will be seen that the best solution would be to restore to Germany the property she had lawfuly acquired, by purchase and treaty. The *premise for Germany's cooperation* in a new colonial regime *was* therefore *the restitution of her former Colonies*, which had been lawfully acquired and which had been taken away from her by the treaty." Asked by Von Ribbentrop whether the British Government could contemplate the restitution of *all* the former colonies including those now in the possession of British dominions, the British Ambassador replied that he could only speak for Great Britain and that what he said did not refer to the Dominions".

III

From the foregoing even the "Dullest" can realise that the new leaders–former pupils of Hitler–will concentrate on recovering the lost colonies. Which is the easier and less risky course? The ten years of waiting mentioned by the Fuhrer will end in 1955—counting from the end of the war.

What will be the relative war potential of West Germany as compared with France, bled white with the Indo China war and her troubles in North Africa? Even as to Britain, can she muster an army at all? India will not supply cannon fodder. Egypt is gone. South Africa wants to become a free Republic. America will certainly stand aloof, as the Guru and instigator of West German intransigence. Abject surrender will alone save their existence. England becomes a C4 nation and France an appendage of Germany.

IV

Dulles and Eden speak of Adenauer's guarantee. We may refer back to the guarantee given by Germany in 1938.

(1) Anglo German declaration. Munich 30 September 1938. "We the German Fuhrer and Chancellor and the British Prime Minister have had a further meeting today and are agreed in recognising that the question of Anglo-German relations is of the first importance for the two countries and for Europe. We regard the agreement signed last night and the Anglo German Naval agreement as symbolic of the desire of our two peoples, *never to go to war with one another again.* We are resolved that the method of consultation shall be the method adopted to deal with any other questions that may concern our two countries, and we are determined to continue our efforts to remove possible sources of difference and thus to contribute to assure the peace of Europe.

Signed Adolf Hitler. Neville Chamberlain (The agreement signed the previous night is the MUNICH Agreement) France is assured by Dulles that Germany will keep faith. Let us see what was done in 1938.

2. Franco German declaration executed in duplicate in the French and German languages at Paris on 6 December 1938 by M. Georges Bonnet, Minister for Foreign Affairs of the French Republic and M. Joachim Von Ribbentrop Minister of Foreign affairs of the German REICH.

(i) The French Government and the German Goverment fully shere the conviction that pacific and neighbourly relations between France and Germany constitute one of the essential elements of the consolidation of the situation in Europe and of the preservation of general peace. Consquently both Governments will endeavour with all their might to assure the development of the relations between their countries in this direction.

(ii) Both Governments agree that no question of a territorial nature remains in suspense between their countries and solemnly recognise as permanent the frontier between their countries as it is actually drawn.

(iii) Both Governments are resolved without prejudice to their special relations with third powers, to remain in contact on all questions of importance to both their countries and to have recourse to mutual consultation in case, any complications arising out of these questions should threaten to lead to international difficulties.

How soon after the 6th December 1938 did Hitler subjugate France?

How soon did Hitler coventryfy Britain after 30 September 1938?

V

Are Dulles, Ike, Eden, Churchill, and company sure that West Germany will fight the East European democracies and U.S.S.R.? The Fuhrer told Halifax that the question is economic, the need for raw produce and agricultural produce. The U.S.S.R. is quite willing to enter into bilateral trade agreement with West Germany. Did not Ribbentrop enter into agreement with Stalin for supply of grain etc., before the war started in the West? The Germans are level—headed people. If really the war potential is restored, Germans may again get into compact with the U.S.S.R. and thus have an easy time securing concessions from France and Britain without war. If West Germany gets ready to drop the atom bombs got from America, she wont wait till Britain or France develop their ability to get a stock of such bombs to use by way of retaliation. It is now accepted that the U.S.S.R. has a stock, though America may have a larger number. So, the Germans will not invite annihilation by attacking the U.S.S.R. but repeat what Hitler did-get into treaty with U.S.S.R. and be free to attack France.

VI

The West Germans have everything to gain by—as soon as they are free from the American British and French occupation forces, to at once enter into trade agreements with the U.S.S.R. The high probability of such good understanding was advocated even before Hitler came to power, by DIRKSEN who was Hitler's chief foreign diplomat during 1938—39. The following is extracted from a "strictly confidential" letter from DIRKSEN, German Ambassador in Moscow to the President of the Reich Association of Agricultural and Forestry Employers Federation WANGENHEIM from Moscow 22 July 1931.

"I read an article the other day in the "DEUTSCHE TAGESZEITUNG" in which it was said that if the credit negotiations in Paris and London should break down there was no need to give up all hope, since we could then pursue a more active policy in the EAST. This struck an answering chord in me. I have these past few weeks been very intently occupied with similar thoughts and I should not like to keep them from you, even at the risk that they may seem to you still very crude and immature. We must proceed from the stand point as the Deutsche Tageszeitung did—that we Germans must not go to the Conferences in Paris and London with the feeling that if nothing comes of the negotiations then all is lost. We must rather have a ready—made plan of what to do in case, the negotiations should prove abortive. This brings me to eastern policy. If a big loan does not materialise we shall naturally have to strive not only to maintain our export trade with our present purchasers but to increase it to the utmost, even if it involves dumping. But we must in addition elucidate every imaginable possibility of increasing our export trade in order to reduce the number of unemployed and to infuse new blood into our economy. *But all this can only be done by extending our economic relations with the Soviet Union.* We have hitherto been unable to make full use of the enormus export potentialities which have been available to us in this past year—how long they will continue nobody knows—because we could not advance the Soviet Government the necessary credits, that is, because we were not rich enough to finance this business. But such financing will become superfluous when we allow the Soviet Union, to pay us not in money, but in goods. And we can allow it to pay us in goods, immediately we institute a foreign trade monopoly". The foreign trade monopoly would of course provide us with all the possibilities which the Soviet Government derive from it, above all, we would be able to make our purchases where it suits us without being accused of violating the most favoured nation clause contained in some of the trade agreements." "Then we shall not need to go all over the world for our oil, for instance, and allied products but can cover all our requirements in Russia and to this extent increase our exports over and over our present credit potentialities. The same is true of a number of other products e.g., timber, wheat, cotton, maize etc., which we import from other countries without corresponding exports."

"I fully realise that direct bargaining to a value of hundreds of millions cannot be transacted over the counter. It not only requires time, it also has to be financed. But if we abandon the gold standard and introduce an internal currency this Russian business could be financed with the help of a special type of security, whether we call them treasury bills, Russian finance bonds or by any other name. These securities would be put into circulation to the amount of current business and then—each time to the amount of the completed transaction—withdrawn."

This is one aspect of Activity in Russia. Another is that we could to an entirely different extent than formerly, and without the false fear of being frowned upon by Western Europe satisfy the demand here for workers of all kinds, skilled and unskilled. This is a question in itself, about which very much could be said. I shall here confine only to this remark. At any rate I am convinced that here, we have extraordinarily big opportunities for placing the people, and that there is absolutely no need to plunge these people into utter poverty." (There will be no unemployed in Germany and every one will be gainfully employed). "It is after all an absurdity, that on the one hand, there is a continent like Russia, which is crying out for goods of all kinds, machines etc., and which experiences an extreme need for man power, and that on the other, there is a country like Germany which has an overproduction of such goods and manpower yet, the demand and the supply cannot be brought together."

"Time is pressing and so I shall conclude. As you see. I am by no means an utter pessimist. Ways can always be found. However I am not even so terribly pessimistic about the outcome of the negotiations in Paris and London, because we have the strongest negotiating position imaginable, the negotiating position of a debtor who has cadged not less than 25 billion marks, and whose collapse would spell the ruin of his creditors."

VII

The present plight of West Germany with a vast army of unemployed, with a major share of her budget swallowed for the upkeep of the occupation forces, with her trade controlled in the interests of U. S. A. monopolies, can be remedied by the Sovereign West German State by following DIRKSEN'S plan. She can thus strengthen her economy first and then, demand the return of her lost former colonies. The BOWN treaty can be legally repudiated by the new Sovereign Germany. When economic prosperity is the first aim and friendly trade relations with the East contributes towards such recovery and prosperity, East and West Germany can unite without any interference from U. S. A. under the fettering terms of the BONN Treaty.

VIII

After remilitarisation Germany demands back her colonies. What can France or Britain do? France cannot forget Dunkirk. Britain dare not come up with military aid. The U.S.A. seeks to make the Mediterranean a yankee lake and will not help. She has already Turkey, Greece, Italy and Spain chained to her chariot. She has already a sizeable hold on North Africa. She may wait till France agrees to U.S.A. taking over the French, North African possessions! Ludwell Denny wrote in 1930, that America will "*own the world*" with her weapons of money and machines. But the Communist World treats these U.S.A. weapons with contempt. The U.S.A. dare not go it alone in a war with the Communists. She is further afraid that West Europe may combine with West to meet the common danger of dollar imperialism. This fear is the foundation for NATO. The U.S.A. wants to make sure that West European nations will at least stand aside. After the Chinese Peoples Republic became a reality the yankee needed also additional fighters in Europe. Hence the nine nations Paris agreement. But, will West Germans meekly agree to be sent into battle with the U. S. S. R. to die at the bidding of a yankee commander-in-chief? Vain delusion! They cannot forget that they lost both the wars because the yankees came up to support the enemies. If really revengeful feelings are to be traced to historical events, the first and fiercest feelings of revenge in every German breast must, and will be, towards the yankee who twice dashed the cup of victory from their month.

IX

Are the yankees sincere? No! The real purpose of the Anglo-American combine to remilitarise Germany is far different from the professed expectation of war by the U.S.S.R. The dastardly purpose is to immobilise the industrial power of over half a million Germans, and destroy the credit of Germany to the extent of the vast millions diverted to war purposes. U. S. A. and U. K. are afraid of the competition of Germany in the World markets. Hence this treacherous move. The Germans are not fools. They see through this. They are apparently willing in order to get free from the occupation Statutes. Once sovereign independence is secured their programme will be different. Fear of this probability has suggested the retention of token forces by the three western powers. Once the Giant wakes free of the bonds, the first victims will be France and U. K. unless they surrender the lost colonies.

The "DEFENCE" is not against the imaginary Soviet invasion, but against the assured conquering competition of German peace industry in World markets. The phenomenal recovery of Germany after the first World war is proof that Germany will recover even faster now. The Anglo-Americans will surely be hoist on their own petard, unless France comes to the *rescue by refusing to ratify the Paris agreement.* The peace of the World the survival of France as a great nation, depend on this. Will France yield to Dollar imperialism and invite destruction or assert her robust freedom and refuse to yield to the coercion of Dulles? He had betrayed his enmity to France in Geneva. Again he seeks by treachery to oust France from South Viet Nam. Does France need further proof that her real enemy is the "*World Dominion mad*" monopoly capital of the U. S. A.?

X

I wish to give to Dulles, Churchill and their group an ancient mythological story.

A devotee of SIVA prayed for a boon. His penance was so severe that SIVA appeared and promised any boon the man wanted. He asked for the boon, that if he placed his right palm on any one's head, the head should at once be broken into a thousand bits. Siva granted it. At once, the devotee said "I want to verify if the boon has been granted and so will start by placing my right palm on your head"! Siva had to flee and had to be saved by Vishnu who by a stratagem got the man to touch his own head!

Anglo-American diplomats in the matter of Paris treaty are seeking self destruction. They can raise the Giant, but cannot control the Giant. Their senseless jealousy of the U. S. S. R. is goading them along this suicidal path. They would do well to forget the past and abide by the maxim "LIVE AND LET LIVE".

XI

France must not forget that, through the centuries Britain has been her mortal rival. Churchill's Wood ford speech affirms that Britain's attitude to international policy is PERFIDY. Still "Perfidious Albion" plotted to destroy in 1945, the very heroic Russians that were rescuing the British!! The guarantee given by Churchill through Eden to France will share the same fate. If France agrees to rearming Germany she will soon be another Luxemburg in Europe, and her overseas Empire become a U. S. A. protectorate! Churchill is probably motivated by his talk with Herr FOERSTER on 14—7—1938. Churchill in his memorandum of that talk recorded "Herr Foerster said, he saw no real grounds for a conflict between Britain and Germany, if Britain and Germany could only *come to terms* they could *divide the world between them.*"

Obviously now, Dulles Churchill and Adenauer have come to terms to divide the World between themselves and squeeze out France! Will France continue to be the sacrificial goat? France should cut off from Anglo-American chicanery, and stand firm on Potsdam agreement. Then alone can she survive as the Great Power that she is.

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